

Neil Armstrong and Tim Peake in Space



Quick summary



On 20 July 1969, the lunar module Eagle landed on the Moon. Soon afterwards, the commander Neil Armstrong stepped out of the Eagle, saying the famous words 'That's one small step for man, one giant leap for mankind.' This achievement was possible because of huge breakthroughs in science and technology. Neil Armstrong will always be remembered for being the first man to set foot on the moon. He won many awards for his achievements, but always said he was just doing his duty. In 2016, Tim Peake became the first British astronaut to walk in space.



Location



Travel and exploration

The scientists at NASA wanted to learn as much about the moon as they could. Neil Armstrong spent 3 hours walking on the moon, collecting moon rocks, and doing experiments.

Space exploration has allowed us to learn much about planets, stars and space. Today scientists have new goals like sending humans to Mars



Main events

1930 Neil Armstrong born

1949 Joined the navy

1952 Joined NASA

1966 First flight into space

20 July 1969 First man to walk the moon

2012 Died

1972 Tim Peake born

1990 Joined the army

2008 Applied to be an astronaut

2015 Became the first British astronaut to live on the International Space Station

2016 Completed his first space walk



Conflict

In 1961, the Soviet Union (Russia) became the first country to send a man into space. His name was Yuri Gagarin. Soon afterwards, John F Kennedy, the President of the USA said that they would land a man on the moon before 1970. This began the space race between the two countries. They were rivals and wanted to prove they had the best scientists and technology.



Vocabulary

lunar: relating to the Moon

achievement: something done successfully after lots of effort

exploration: travelling to a place to discover what is there

rivals: those in competition with one another

orbit: the path an object takes

commander: person in charge of a military operation

breakthrough: successful for the first time

plaque: stone/metal tablet with writing on



Settlements



Beliefs



Culture and pastimes



Location



Main events



Food and farming



Travel and exploration



Conflict



Society



Artefacts

